

The Oxford County Citizen.

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BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1926.

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IRA W. BEAN

Another Civil War veteran has joined his comrades on the other side, in the death of Ira W. Bean, a life long resident of Bethel, who passed away Thursday, October 28, at his home on Chandler Hill, Bethel, after a number of years of failing health.

Mr. Bean was born in Bethel, June 27, 1840, the son of the late Year W. and Rebecca (Gossum) Bean. In young manhood he was united in marriage with Georgia A. Henshaw. Two children were born to them, Frank C., who died in California several years ago, and Year W., who has lived at home for the past twenty years and carried on the large farm and other interests of his father.

Mr. Bean's war record was an honorable one and is given below:

Enlisted Dec. 16, 1861, in the U. S. Service from Bethel, Me., and was mustered in as private in 4th Me. Battery to serve three years. Was honorably discharged Feb. 22, 1864 at Brandy Sta., Va. Reenlisted Feb. 23, 1864 in same battery. Was sick with typhoid fever about 7 months, then returned to battery. He was thrown from a horse at Cold Harbor, Va., in 1864 and injured across the kidneys. He was detailed to administer the oath of allegiance to the colored people, also as president of Court Marshal.

He was detailed by General Butler to establish posts up and down the Mississippi River for the purpose of making topographical survey of the country. He served with honor and distinction and was honorably discharged, June 17th, 1865, at Augusta, Maine.

The 4th Maine Battery was organized at Augusta, Maine, Dec. 21, 1861 and remained until April 1st when it left for Washington, D. C. and on April 15th was stationed at Fort Ramsey, seven miles from Alexandria. On the 17th of May the battery returned to Washington and the 28th of June proceeded to Harper's Ferry, Va., and marched up the valley of the Shenandoah with Gen. Sigel in command. On the 9th of August it participated in the battle of Cedar Mountain, Va., and also in the battle of Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862; Wapping Heights, Va., July 22, 1863; Kelly's Ford, Va., Nov. 7th, 1863; Mine Run, Va., Nov. 30, 1863; Cold Harbor, Va., June 1, 1864; Mine Explosion, July 30, 1864. On the 10th of June the three years term of enlistment terminated and at the end of hostilities the original members were mustered out and discharged from the U. S. Service at Augusta, Maine.

After the war, Mr. Bean returned to his farm on Chandler Hill, Bethel. He leaves a son, three grandchildren and seven great grandchildren.

Interment was in South Bethel cemetery among the hills he so loved.

Mr. W. W. Abbott of Waterford was in town Monday.

Mr. E. P. Brown had two valuable horses last week, both by illness.

Messrs. G. N. Sanborn and E. P. Brown were in Norway one day last week.

Herbert Swan and crew have Percy Andrews' house up and finished on the outside.

Fred Clark and a crew of men are busy engaged in making repairs on the bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Bartlett have a daughter born Nov. 9. She has been named Jane Ann.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Merrill and family have moved to their camp at West Bethel for the winter.

Mrs. Gertrude Haggard and son, Isaac, came to town Monday afternoon with Mrs. Fidelity Haggard in Albany.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Farnsworth and Mr. H. Haggard were Sunday callers at the home of S. L. Bean in Albany.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Robertson are visiting their son, Perry in Waterbury, Conn., and Fred in New York City.

The Central Maine Power Co. has installed a large size refrigerator equipped with a Kewanee unit for Dr. J. C. Gehring.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Richardson left Monday for Boston where they will spend a week before going to Portland, N. C. for the winter.

H. Allen Bean and crew of men are busy erecting Arthur Herrick's house on Vernon Street. The frame is up and the roof shingled and rapid progress is being made on it.

BETHEL AND VICINITY

Mrs. Martha Kendall was in town a few days last week.

Mrs. Estella Goodridge went Thursday with Mrs. F. O. Robertson.

Mr. F. I. Clark has charge of the repair work at Maple Inn.

Miss Esther Tyler of Portland spent the week end at her home here.

Mrs. Harry Jordan was in Portland Friday and Saturday of last week.

Mrs. Homsted of Skowhegan is visiting her daughter, Mrs. I. L. Carver.

Miss Hazel Douglass of Portland spent the week end at her home here.

Mrs. Herbert Swan has a six month old piglet that has laid 6 double yolked eggs.

Mr. Robert Snodgrass of Berlin was a business visitor in town one day last week.

Robert Haldane, pastor of the Epiphany church, was in town two days last week.

Don't forget the Red, White and Blue Sale at L. O. O. F. Hall, Thursday, P. M.

Lloyd Laxton has returned to his work at Morse's Grocery after a week's vacation.

Mrs. Ida Douglass has gone to Portland for the winter where she has employment.

Mrs. Ella Mansfield went to Portland to visit her daughter, Mrs. Paul Badger last week.

Capt. Johnson Carver has arrived from Newport to spend the winter with his son, Irving Carver.

Hon. and Mrs. H. H. Hastings attended the Bowdoin Maine football game at Brunswick Saturday.

Mrs. Grace Swan spent the week end with her daughter, Mrs. D. C. Conroy, and family at Berlin.

Mr. David Babson and family of Rumford, formerly of Bethel, have moved to Berlin, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Whitman of Oxford were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Wentzell.

Mr. and Mrs. David G. Lovejoy left Thursday for Fellenore, Fla., where they will spend the winter.

Mrs. D. T. Martin and children visited Mrs. Martin's mother, Mrs. G. D. Merrill, at West Bethel Sunday.

Harry Partridge came to Bethel Saturday and his mother and sister returned to Massachusetts with him Monday.

Evans Robinson and family of West Bethel have moved into the rent to Mrs. Edith Foster's house on Chapman street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hall, Miss Harriet Merrill and Mr. F. B. Merrill were in Rumford to attend Ladies' Night at the Rumford Casino last Thursday evening.

Word has been received to home of the daughter of Mr. Theodore Baker of Paris, Montana, and Miss Evelyn Huntington of Montana. Mr. Baker was a former Bethel man.

The W. H. C. will hold their annual ball, White and Blue Ball and Supper, Thursday, Nov. 11, at 11 o'clock at the W. H. C. hall in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Robertson spent a summer home at Sango Lake last week and after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Park left for Portland where they are at the Lafayette Hotel.

Samuel Park A. Brown and Robert H. Hastings were in Augusta last week to attend the Assessor's Convention. Mr. Brown was appointed a member of the executive committee.

C. D. Philbrook of Mechanic Street has qualified as an excellent swordsman on the mounted sabre course at Norwich University, according to information received here from the military college in Northfield, Vt. The local boy, who is the son of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Philbrook, is a senior at the University.

THE J. E. JONES LETTER

The new wonder of the world is Detroit. The writer who called it the "freeman's town" spoke a mouthful. It is the only industrial town I ever saw where workmen are as well dressed as their employers when they are out of shop. As for the women you can't tell the Marjies from the Marthas, and their style of dresses and skirts, and their faces don't give them away. Why not? Apropos of Kipling, "the Colonel's lady and duty O'Grady are sisters under the skin."

I have not been able to discover that these Detroiters are concerned about organized or unorganized labor, and the five-day week intrigues them only providing it does not curtail their earning capacity. The conditions between labor and capital in Detroit are about ideal, and the indications are that when the cash piles are all divided that the split gives everyone his share. All this struggle of the centuries between employers and employees seems to square with President Coolidge's recent observation to the effect that it isn't hard to know how to do the right thing if you want to do the right thing. Detroit's industry seems to be on that basis.

The hardest thing I found to do in Detroit was to get across the street. The automobiles are so thick in the traffic that the mystery is who works out in the factories to make them off. And you can't tell by the looks of the cars whether they are owned by millionaires or mechanics. The swagger of this burg is almost unbelievable. The writer who printed the statement that Croesus had moved to Detroit didn't seem to take into consideration that his whole progeny migrated with him.

A MARVELOUS INDUSTRY
There has been a national epidemic of "Forlites" for several years, but it seems to have spent its contagion in Detroit, where Uncle Henry is recognized as a democratic sort of citizen, with a clear conscience, who does not begrudge generous wages for his employees. Mr. Ford is the prince on the successful experiment worked out so successfully in Detroit demonstrating that big business gets along best when it is run on a democratic basis.

(Continued on page 8)

H. L. White of Auburn is in town for a few days.

Laurence Bartlett was a week end guest at S. G. Bean's in Albany.

Mrs. Lavinia Thurston entertained her sisters from Berlin, N. H. Wednesday.

Mr. Walter Wheeler and family were Sunday callers at S. L. Bean's.

GRANGE NEWS
LOVE MOUNTAIN GRANGE
Love Mountain Grange observed "Friends Day" Saturday by inviting their friends to the dinner and the social meeting.

The program was interesting and was given as follows:

Singing, George
Reading, Mrs. Evelyn Stevens
Reading, E. M. Bailey
Music, Miss Helen Bailey
Remarks, Rev. James Bailey
Breath with games
Reading, George
Reading, George

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Apple and pop corn were served by the young folks.

There were 35 members and five visitors present and if the other members had this for a program or attendance they will have to hustle.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

The October term of Supreme Judicial Court adjourned Tuesday forenoon of last week after a session of nineteen days, one of the longest sessions for ten years.

The following divorces were decreed during the term:

John J. McKinnon of Rumford from Margaret McKinnon of Portland. Adultery.

Marie Theriault of Rumford from Joseph A. Theriault of Mexico. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Alice, Marie, Sylvia and Charles, given to libellant. Libellee to pay ten dollars per week.

Les Bell Yeaton of Oxford from James Adeline Yeaton of Oxford. Cruel and abusive treatment.

Edith Gertrude Raymond of Oxford from John Henry Raymond of Upton. Desertion.

Cordeia M. Wyman of Woodstock from William F. Wyman of Bethel. Habits of intoxication.

Alphonse Alfred Elliott of Rumford from Margaret Bradbury Elliott of Peru. Adultery.

Martha Annie Blaisdell Durrell of Peru from Ernest Leroy Durrell of Dixfield. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor child, Clarence E. Durrell given to libellant. Libellee to pay three dollars per week.

Margery V. Dolen of Paris from Charles V. Dolen of Paris. Adultery. Custody of minor children Irma, Frances and Ruth given to libellant. Libellee to pay five dollars per week.

Ernest F. Brevard of Norway from Joseph E. Brevard of San Francisco. Cruel and abusive treatment.

Lila Sophia of Mexico from Peter Sophia of Mexico. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Lorraine and Lillian Sophia given to libellant. Lorraine Sophia to remain at the home where he is now being boarded.

Mary E. Parker of Rumford from Harry E. Parker of parts unknown. Adultery. Custody of minor children, Rex, R. and Henry E. given to libellant.

Flourance Elizabeth Childs of Buckfield from Harold Childs of Lewiston. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children Margaret Childs and Lucille Childs given to libellant. Libellee to pay six dollars a week.

Grace L. Little of Bethel from S. H. Little of Bethel. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Claude, Leo, Marion, Clara, Gladys, Evelyn, Josephine and Albert given to libellant.

Clara S. Moore of Bethel from Arthur L. Moore of Bethel. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Phyllis Mae and Marion given to libellant.

Flora M. Kimball of Freeburg from Herbert W. Kimball of Freeburg. Cruel and abusive treatment.

Elizabeth F. Baker of Mexico from Edward A. Baker of Mechanic Falls. Desertion.

Edna Miles of Andover from John J. Miles of Andover. Cruel and abusive treatment.

Thomas W. Aspin of Norway from Mac Cooper Aspin of Paris. Habits of intoxication from use of morphine.

Lilla Johnson of Bethel from Arthur Johnson of Bethel. Cruel and abusive treatment.

Merrill W. Brown of Norway from Charles A. Brown of Norway. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Merrill W. Brown, Jr. and Edward Everett Brown given to libellant.

Herbert Anna Bab, Jr. of Norway from Edith Bab, Jr. of Bethel. Cruel and abusive treatment.

Martha E. Haggard of Paris from John E. Haggard of Bethel. Cruel and abusive treatment and habits of intoxication.

Agnes M. Walker of Paris from William M. Walker of Paris. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Agnes M. Walker and William M. Walker, Jr. given to libellant. Libellee to pay three dollars per week.

Alta L. Ward of Paris from Robert Ward of Paris. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor children, Alta L. Ward and Robert Ward, Jr. given to libellant. Libellee to pay two dollars per week.

Richard N. Chadbourne of Bethel from Katie Chadbourne of Bethel. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor child, Katherine Helen, given to libellant.

Hazel Katherine Leonard of Waterford from Charles R. Leonard of Waterford. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor child, Gloria Leonard, given to libellant. Libellee to have judgment for \$1500 against libellee in lieu of alimony.

Edna Smith of Mexico from Anna Smith of Skowhegan. Desertion. Cruel and abusive treatment.

GOULD ACADEMY NOTES

A special class in music has been organized for those pupils who wish to know more of the technique of music than the chorus period permits. More than twenty pupils have enrolled in this class which meets at three o'clock on Friday afternoon.

School will be in session on Armistice Day but one period will be devoted to exercises appropriate to commemorate the day. The program is in the hands of a joint committee from the V. M. C. A. and the Girl Reserves.

The school was honored on Tuesday with a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Sharp of Providence, R. I. Mr. Sharp is a member of the Board of Trustees of Gould Academy. Mr. and Mrs. Sharp are guests at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Gehring who accompanied them on their visit to the Academy.

A lively "Pop" meeting was held at the close of the afternoon session on Tuesday. Ernest Hancock demonstrated his ability as a cheer leader and several new cheers were practiced.

Several of the Academy teachers enrolled in the School of Religious Education which is being held in Bethel this week.

INTER-CLASS BASKET BALL

The gradings defeated their rival class by the score of twenty to twelve, in a rather one-sided game. Alger of the Freshman team was the outstanding player in the game. He passed well and scored ten of his team's points. Eames, also of the Freshmen, displayed good team work. Summary:

SOPHOMORE	G	P	T
A. Hancock, Jr.	1	0	2
E. Glover, Jr.	1	0	2
M. Christie, Jr.	4	0	8
H. Gregory, Jr.	0	0	0
A. Bean, Jr.	0	0	0
I. Mayo, Jr.	0	0	0
Totals	6	0	12

FRESHMEN	G	P	T
H. Alger, Jr.	4	2	10
E. Parsons, Jr.	0	0	0
C. Chapin, Jr.	0	0	0
E. Johnson, Jr.	1	1	2
Totals	5	3	20

Referee, Kennedy. Time, French. Score, Austin.

In a very fast exciting game of football, the Freshmen beat out the Juniors by one point. The Juniors played hard throughout the game and the result was in doubt until the final whistle. For the winners Captain A. W. Hamlin and Parsons starred, and for the losers Wheeler and Holman were the bright lights. Summary:

SENIORS	G	P	T
H. Hamlin, Jr.	3	1	7
R. Kells, Jr.	1	1	3
A. Austin, Jr.	0	1	2
A. French, Jr.	0	0	0
Totals	4	3	12

JUNIORS	G	P	T
H. Parsons, Jr.	2	0	4
J. Hamlin, Jr.	0	0	0
P. Holmes, Jr.	0	0	0
J. Hamlin, Jr.	0	0	0
H. Wheeler, Jr.	0	0	0
H. Wheeler, Jr.	0	0	0
H. Holmes, Jr.	0	1	1
F. Hamlin, Jr.	0	0	0
Totals	2	1	4

Referee, Kennedy. Time, Hancock. Score, French.

In a most child, Haggard, given to Haggard, libellee to pay five dollars for support of said Haggard Smith.

Edna Valley of Paris from Joseph Valley of Paris. Cruel and abusive treatment.

James M. Kelly of Bethel from James W. Kelly of Yarmouth. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor child, James M. Kelly, given to libellant. Libellee to pay two dollars per week.

Adna Howe Fogg of Dixfield from Charles William Fogg of Rumford. Cruel and abusive treatment. Custody of minor child, Harlan Howe Fogg given to libellant.

Miss Lucella Boothbay returned to her home in Melrose, Mass. last week, after spending several weeks with Mrs. M. and Miss Alice Mason.

Commander Jesse Edwards, M. George and Dr. C. L. Buck of South Paris were in town last Thursday evening to attend the meeting of the Sons of Veterans. Dr. Buck visiting the Camp as an inspecting officer.

IDA MAY HASELTON

Born Aug. 25, 1856. Died Nov. 5, 1926.

This is a small tribute of love and respect given in sincere appreciation of the beautiful unselfish life that has been lived in our midst.

Miss Haseilton was born in Bethel, the daughter of John and Hannah (Wheeler) Haseilton, but some years of her life were spent in Albany on a farm situated along the shore of Songo Pond.

In early womanhood she began teaching school and for more than forty years she was very successful in her chosen work. Possessed of a vast amount of patience and a marked ability to govern children combined with a good education her services were in constant demand in this and the neighboring towns.

After the death of her parents whom she had been devoted to in their declining years, and upon retiring from teaching she made a home with a much loved friend, Miss Rachel Mayberry on Gray Hill, although she also had a home with her sister, Sadie, who lived in the Anderson house above Skillington.

Upon the death of her sister she continued to keep the rooms furnished and often spent weeks there in her nephew's family where she was always so gladly welcomed, and it was while visiting there that she passed away so suddenly, dying before Mrs. Parlin who was in the room with her, could reach her side.

Always busy in doing the work near her she lived a cheerful, useful life, and her earnest words of good counsel, the hands ever outstretched to help another's burden have left their memories of her engraven forever in the hearts of all who knew her. Although we mourn her going on beyond our mortal vision yet we remember the promise, taught us from childhood, of a reward that awaits all who live as though a Christian life as hers has ever been, and we think her sincere affection and thoughtfulness for her dear friends, Miss Mayberry, will be one of the brightest stars in her crown.

The last years of her life had been so entirely devoted to the happiness and welfare of friends and kindred.

She leaves one brother, the Rev. H. H. Haseilton, three sisters, Mrs. Florence H. Bean, Mrs. Madie Haseilton, Mrs. Eugene H. Haseilton, three nephews, John Anderson, Charles Haseilton and John Haseilton, and one grand niece, Helen Anderson; also two grand nephews, Charles and Harold Anderson, and other more distant relatives.

Funeral services were held at the home of John Anderson, Monday, Nov. 8th. Her pastor, Rev. C. B. Oliver, spoke very tenderly of the wonderful life of service, and faithfulness and her never ending courage.

Many beautiful flowers covered her last resting place in Woodlawn cemetery. The following lines were read by Mr. Oliver as a part of the service:

I can not say, and I will not say
That she is dead. She is just away,
With a cheery smile and a wave of the hand.

She has wandered into an unknown land,
And left us dreaming how very fair
That land must be since she tinged
these.

And when it cometh our wildest guess
For the old time step and the glad regatta
tune.

Think of her facing on as dear
In the love of there, as the love of here;
Think of her still as the same; I say
She is not dead; she is just away.

Bethel, Nov. 9, 1926. A. R. M.

BOY SCOUT NEWS
New Maine Boy Scouts will go on a bike and have an out of doors supper near Howe's camp on the Songo Pond road.

SHERIFF BENNETT MAKES SEIZURE
Sheriff Harold Bennett raided the home of H. M. Osgood Monday afternoon and found six gallons of elderberry wine and 10 gallons of beer. He arrested Osgood and took him to South Paris. At the same time he also arrested Nate Osgood for being drunk. They were both taken before Judge Jones at Norway, Tuesday morning. H. M. Osgood was found guilty of illegal possession and given a fine of \$100 and costs of \$18.35, and two months in jail with six months additional in default of payment of fine. Nate Osgood was found guilty on a charge of drunkenness and fined \$10 and costs of \$18.75. State paid and was released while H. M. was committed to Paris jail.

Deer in mind that the Chastanquet dates for Bethel are Dec. 1 to 3.

PORTO BELLO GOLD

by Arthur D. Howden Smith

WNU Service

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CHAPTER XIX—Continued

We rowed on under the Walrus stern, and there we came upon an amazing spectacle.

A longboat was always towed astern for the greater convenience in case there was a sudden necessity for its use at sea. This boat had been drawn beneath the stern windows, from which a man was lowering a heavy box or chest, which a second man was receiving into its bow. The man in the longboat heard the rattle of our oars and gave one lightning glance before he slashed at the mooring-rope and leaped to his own oars. The tide carried him immediately behind us, and I had a vision of a bloody face wrapped in an old shirt. If he knew who we were he gave no sign. He huddled on a thwart and pulled downstream with the tide.

But the man in the stern windows was not so reticent. He leaned far out, wringing his hands and clamoring to be saved.

"Oh, Master Bones, ye wouldn't go for to leave poor Ben Gunn as stood by ye stanch to the end, and held the cabin door the while ye shot the

or so after dawn we emerged upon a village in a clearing whose inhabitants eyed us dubiously until Darby produced one of the golden doubloons from the store he had acquired during his reign as Flint's favorite.

These people had never before seen gold, and for a doubloon and an oxen they sold us an old but serviceable musket with bullet-pouch, powder-horn and store of ammunition, and deer-skin garments. They also sold us a small quantity of salt and flour, and put us on the trail to Charleston in the Carolinas.

Of our journey thither I can say only that it was such an odyssey as the frontier-dwellers of our province have long been accustomed to. To Peter and me its perils of forest and stream, red savages, and wild beasts, were far less formidable than those of the sea, and Moira and Darby thrived upon the experience—so much so that when at last, bric-a-brac and footsore, we entered Charleston's sordid streets and found awaiting us an ample choice of packet-ships to the north we four were unanimous for continuing our journey by land.

"Neen," said Peter. "I don't ever go to der sea again, Bob."

"Ah, who would be fool enough in his ignorance to be waddlerin' wet and bedraggled on the salt waves of the sea when he might venture the forests and be shootin' at the red deer and the bears and the catamounts and it may be an injun, if he was in the full tide of his luck?" snorted Darby.

"I seem to remember one who was all for the sea, and would wave the skull and crossbones in anybody's face," I jeered.

"Troth, and I knew less than I do now," he replied unflinchingly. "Them pirates was enough to break the heart of Pontius Pilate. Darlin' Flint, there wasn't a one of them would be able to hold his own against such as us."

"Silver might—"

"He was a clever one, Long John; but he'll be in trouble, ye see if he's not," insisted Darby. "Too graspin' he is by half."

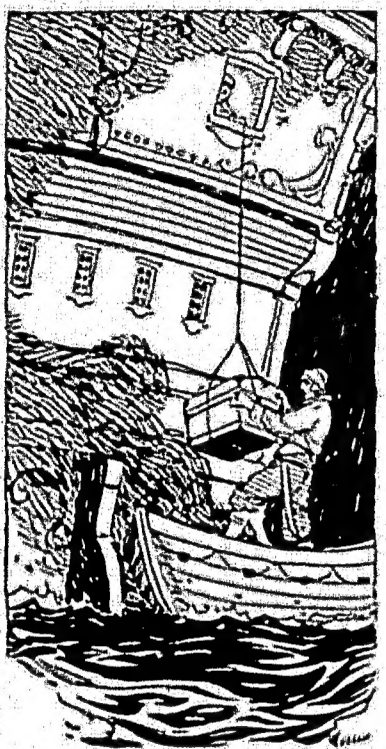
"I care not how much trouble he is in," I said. "I never want to see him or any of his crew again."

Moira, sitting beside me on the settle of the tavern-porch, twined her arm in mine with a slight shudder.

"Never again!" she cried. "And if it stay off the sea, I like him the clutch of the earth on my feet and the whispering of the trees. Men may be cruel on the land, but faith, they're never so cruel as the cruellest of the seafarers. And all my days when I hear the rumble of the surf and the suck of the tide running out I'll be thinking of himself that lies so far and lone under the Snyggass—and of Master Murray. God rest his poor bones, and many another. The sea had them all! Ah, Holy Virgin, what a hunger it has for men!"

But Peter shook his head solemnly. "Neen," he said. "Der sea did not take them all. They died from der greed dot cankered in their hearts. I do not like der sea, but der sea is der same as der land. It works Gott's will."

We were silent for a space, looking out upon the busy life about us, the negroes in their bright bandanna headresses, the planters passing on half-thoroughbreds, the decent townsfolk in hessian gray.



A Man Was Lowering a Heavy Box or Chest, Which a Second Man Was Receiving into Its Bow.

holt. Ah, and them—villains are a-hammerin' it this moment. Don't ye go, and leave me like this! They'll keelhaul me, they will. They'll trice me to the cat."

"Back oars, Darby," I said. "We can't leave the poor fellow."

"And him with Bones!" protested Darby.

"Was not his fault?"

"We rowed under the stern, and I called up to the steward—"

"Jump into the water and we'll pick you up, then."

"Who're you?" he answered shakily. "Tis Master Ormerod."

"I could hear the blows on the door at the end of the companionway."

"Listen, man! We can't wait for ever."

He jumped, and we hauled him, dripping, into our midst.

CHAPTER XX

Home

A chorus of yelping certified to the invasion of the main cabin, but its note of triumph was changed to consternation as Silver's bloodhounds discovered that their bird had flown.

"Gone!"

"The—knave's scooped us!"

"Boats, lads! boats!"

And presently the click-click of oars behind us caused Darby and me to redouble our labors. We drove ashore several rods downstream from the town on the shallow bluff, and we dared not wait to seek shelter within its log walls. Truth to tell, we doubted now that the town itself spelled safety to us. The Walrus' escapades would make short work of such defenses as Savannah had to boast.

So we pulled up the bluff by a sandy path that debouched upon the cleared fields outside the stockade, urged on by that persistent war-rattle and the shouts the pirates exchanged between their several boats. Whether they were following us we could not discover, for the night was black as a cellar-vault; but we left nothing to chance, and ran hot-foot through the plantations of the citizens, overhearing, as we passed, the excited comments of the men on the firing-platforms of the stockade, who evidently anticipated an attack from their only visitor in the river. We never tarried for breath until we had gained the verge of the forest.

Peter was now in his element. He could find his way about a strange countryside by day or night as easily as a sailor could navigate the trackless wastes of the sea, and he led us in a beeline north and east in the general direction of the outlying settlements which intervened between Savannah and the Carolinas. An hour

Where Name Gamaliel Occurs in the Bible

Two men by the name of Gamaliel are spoken of in the Bible. The records in which they lived were widely separated. The name of the first is found in Numbers 1:10. He was the son of Pedahsur, a prince or captain of the Tribe of Manasseh, and he is here mentioned in connection with the census of Sinai. He again mentioned in chapters 2:20; 7:54 and 10:22, the latter reference being to Gamaliel as captain of the Tribe of Manasseh at the starting of the Israelites on their march through the wilderness. The second Gamaliel was a Pharisee and celebrated doctor of the law, who gave sound worldly advice to the Sanhedrin respecting the treatment of the followers of our Lord. This will be found in Acts 5:34. It is also learned from 22:3 that he was the teacher of St. Paul when the

latter was a young man zealously devoted to Judaism. He is generally identified with the very celebrated Jewish doctor, Gamaliel, who was the son of Rabbi Shimon, and grandson of the celebrated Hillel. He was president of the Sanhedrin, the great council of the Jews, during the reigns of the Roman emperors Tiberius, Caligula and Claudius.

Tribute to Franklin

For 63 years Benjamin Franklin served his country and mankind, and history affords the judgment of his contemporaries, expressed most notably in the tribute adopted by the national assembly of France upon an announcement of his death. Offering the resolution, which was seconded by Rochefort and Lafayette, Mirabeau declared:

"The sage whom two worlds claim as their own, the man for whom the history of science and the history of empire contend with each other, held without doubt exalted rank in the human race. Antiquity would have called him a sage, a philosopher, a statesman, to the advantage of mankind, compassing in his mind the heavens and the earth, was able to restrain like thunderbolts and tyrants. Brave, enlightened and free, over at least a token of remembrance to one of the greatest men who have ever been engaged in the service of philosophy and of liberty."

The number of children marriages in the United States is increasing.

English!" she cried. "Unless it be the Dutch."

But I am galloping ahead of my story. Drop back across the years—'tis no more of an effort than it was for us to slide down the cable over the bow of the Walrus that night off Savannah—to the settle on the porch of the tavern in Charleston. Ben Gunn was disposed of; our plans were made for the northward journey along the seaboard. All that remained to be done was to come by a priest to wed Moira and me; and that, it seemed, was impossible short of Baltimore, in Maryland. Yet at the last our luck held, for the day we were to start turned stormy and we delayed our departure; and that afternoon a French West Indian put into the harbor under stress of the weather. Among her company was a kindly Franciscan, and he readily agreed to perform the ceremony.

For the rest, we rode into New York about four of the clock on the afternoon of April the 24th, in the year 1755. My father was in the counting-room of our house in Pearl street, and he came to the door at the sound of the horses' hoofs on the cobble. The sun was sloping out of the west full into his eyes; and for the time that it took me to dismount and swing Moira down from her saddle he stood dazed, fearful lest the dazzling light was playing tricks with him.

"Is it truly you, Robert?" he cried.

"But it must be, for there are Peter and Darby."

"Yes, father," I answered. "And I have brought home another."

He opened his arms with an eager smile.

"There's room here for two of you, boy. Certes, you have but followed in my footsteps and fetched home a wife from your adventures."

"She is the little Irish maid I—"

"Whoever she is, she's more than welcome. But come in, come in, the pair of you. Safe and well—and with a wife! Robert, I can scarce credit it. After a whole year! Peter, God bless you! I knew with you he'd come to no harm. Ah, Darby, you have more sense in that red nose of yours than when you left here; and if you stuck by Master Robert ye're forgiven. What a tale you'll all have to tell!"

"That night as I lay in the upper room I had occupied since childhood I was aroused by a distant clatter and jangling which became louder and louder. At the corner it broke off with a heavy clang, and a pompous voice proclaimed:

"Past twelve o'clock of a fine, bright night, and Master Robert Ormerod is home from his captivity amongst the West India pirates. God save the King and the worshipful magistracies of New York!"

"Was Digory the watchman; and, listening to him, I recalled how Silver had cozened him the night I was kid-

naped, and thereat I fell a-chuckling until Moira uttered deeply and complained—"

"'Tis an ill thing if ye'll not sleep the first night we will be in your own home, Bob."

"No, no, sweetheart," I said. "I was but thinking what an odd bundle of accident is this life we live. For if that fellow braying upon the corner had not been a stupid fool I should never have seen you after I took you to the Whale's Head."

"Do you think so?" she retorted.

"Then 'tis you will be the fool, for if Captain Murray had not carried you after me I should have contrived to return to New York, though it kept me treading the highways and byways of the world some fifty years. Now get you to sleep! I am none of your wives to encourage a husband in loose fancies and romantic longings. Your wandering days are by and done with, and the sooner you square your back on them the better will I be pleased. I'll not let you forth again, and of that you may be prime confident!"

So I turned over and went to sleep. [THIS END]



And What Happened to Bill Bones?

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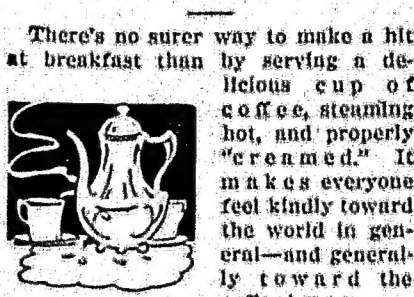
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The KITCHEN CABINET

A laugh is worth a hundred groans in any market.—Charles Lamb.

GOOD CHEER FROM THE COFFEE POT



There's no surer way to make a hit at breakfast than by serving a delicious cup of coffee, steaming hot, and properly "creamed." It makes everyone feel kindly toward the world in general—and generally toward the coffee-brewer.

First—an economy suggestion about the "creaming." Try condensed milk (sweetened)—for a week, and see if you don't find the coffee just as smooth and flavorful as with pure cream. And such a saving! Some authorities claim condensed milk is twice as rich and full of cream as the ordinary kind, and besides it contains just the right amount of sugar to suit the taste of most people in coffee. A further convenience—condensed milk keeps without ice even after the can is opened, so it's easy to have a constant supply, without planning for each particular day.

About the actual brewing—it has been often said that Americans—and the English—do not make as good coffee as do Continentals. In France, noted for its excellent coffee, the drip or filter method is the favorite.

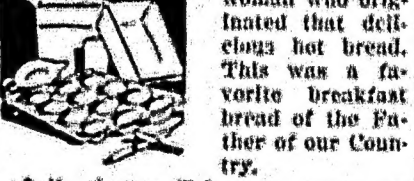
And this method is also the one approved—as best for both flavor and healthfulness—by the department of biology and public health of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology—as the result of special research.

Here are the directions for drip coffee: Place the fully ground coffee, one heaping tablespoonful for each cupful desired, in the coffee filter. Heat the coffee pot. Bring the water in the tea kettle to boiling point and when ready to serve, pour the measured amount of water, one cupful for each tablespoonful of coffee used, over the ground coffee in the container. The filter should be of such shape and character as to permit rapid filtration. The coffee should be served immediately.

Note—The coffee must be finely ground. Ordinary ground coffee will not do at all for this method. Care must be taken to heat the pot thoroughly before making. Then keep it off the fire—Mildred Madocks Bentley, formerly Director of Good House-keeping.

YE OLD GOODIES

The well liked Sally Lunn which has been famous for years in England was named for the woman who originated that delicious hot bread.



This was a favorite breakfast bread of the Father of our Country.

Sally Lunn.—Take one quart of flour, four eggs, one-half cupful of melted butter, one-half of a yeast cake softened in one-fourth cupful of warm water, one teaspoonful of salt, and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Beat the eggs until light, add one cupful of tepid milk and water, the sugar, yeast, and beat in the flour. When perfectly smooth let rise in a well buttered bowl. When well risen, cut or stir down, let rise again, then mold and put into muffin pans in which they are to bake. Bake very light in a moderate oven until well browned. Serve hot, broken open and spread with butter.

Mince-meat.—Stew four pounds of lean beef and two pounds of suet in boiling water until the meat is tender. Chop the meat fine and add twice as much chopped apple—Haldwin is one of the good flavored apples—add three quinces cored but not peeled, and then chopped; three pounds of sugar, two cupfuls of New Orleans molasses, two quarts of cider, four pounds of seeded raisins, three pounds of currants, one-half pound of finely cut citron, a tablespoonful of mace, the same of clove, two grated nutmegs, and salt to taste. Add the grated rind of two lemons and two oranges. Cook very light in a plait of the stock for two hours at a simmering temperature. Can while hot and seal for winter use.

Butter Scotch.—Roll together one cupful of sugar, one-fourth cupful of molasses, one tablespoonful of vinegar and one-half cupful of butter, two tablespoonfuls of water. When the mixture becomes brittle when dropped in cold water, turn into a well buttered pan, and when slightly cool mark in squares.

Velvet Molasses Candy.—Take one cupful each of molasses and boiling water, three cupfuls of sugar, and three tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Put on to boil and at the first boiling add one-half teaspoonful of cream of tartar, boil until brittle when tried in cold water. Stir constantly during the last of the cooking. When nearly done add one-half cupful of butter and one-fourth teaspoonful of soda. Pour into buttered pan and cool. Pull, and while pulling add such flavoring as desired—lemon and vanilla with a few drops of either oil of wintergreen or peppermint is well liked.

Nellie Maxwell
(St. Alb. Western Newspaper Union)

If Kidneys Act Bad Take Salts

Says Backache Often Means You Have Not Been Drinking Enough Water

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it may mean that you have been eating foods which create acids, says a well-known authority. An excess of such acids overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and loggy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels, removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys may then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for years to help clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the system, so they no longer irritate, thus often relieving bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink. Drink lots of soft water.

DON'T LET A COUGH OR COLD 'GO DOWN'

If you let a cough or cold get down into your bronchial tubes or lungs, it stops being merely a nuisance and becomes a real danger.

A "head cold" is only a bother while it stays in your head. But once it gets down into the "danger zone," serious trouble threatens!

Quickly and unflinchingly Ayer's Cherry Pectoral carries sure relief to the seat of danger. Real medicine, reaching deep down with its soothing, healing power, penetrating through and through the irritated membranes of your throat, chest and bronchial tubes.

Don't risk a mere cough syrup as a substitute. Insist on the genuine Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—hospital approved and prescribed by physicians. At all druggists, 50c and twice as much, \$1.00.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children, should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN, for use when needed. They tend to break up colds, relieve feverishness, worms, constipation, headache, teething disorders and stomach troubles. **ANY DRUGGIST USED BY MOTHERS FOR OVER 30 YEARS.** All druggists everywhere. Ask today. Trial package FREE, address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LEROY, N. Y.

Colds Fever Grippe

Go Stop them today

Stop them quickly—all their dangers and discomforts. End the fever and headache. Force the poisons out. Hills break colds in 24 hours. They tone the whole system. The prompt, reliable results have led millions to employ them. Don't rely on lesser help, don't delay. Be Sure It's HILL'S. Price 30c

CASCARA QUININE

Get Red Box with portrait

A GREAT BARGAIN

The Best OUTDOOR CLOTHES

In the World for Men at Less Than 1/2 Cost Price

The very shirts, pants and accessories Uncle Sam bought for his U. S. Navy sailor boys are now yours at less than half the original cost.

Finest quality 100% pure wool. Neat looking blue uniform cloth. Wears indefinitely. Send today for free illustrated catalog and price list.

Agents Wanted. BIG MONEY in selling these uniforms to the public. Give the public the benefit of a bargain.

WRITE TODAY for full particulars. THE NAVY SURPLUS SALES CORP. 652-654-656 Broadway, New York

WORKS—PLAIN SEWING ON SILK OR COTTON. Bows up to 18 inch. Buttons attached and ready to sew for particulars. SHOW SILK CO., Box 511, N. Y.

MY PAPA

Over the hills and over the mountains,
They're taking my Papa tonight on
"on the trail";
Back to the scenes of his boyhood
days—
But never to see them again.
Back midst those scenes of "Old Gre-
ver Hill,"
So dear to his heart all these years;
He loved them—each spot held a ten-
derness deep,
That oft, when recalled, brought
tears.
There's the "Old Tansey-bed," be-
neath big maple trees;
The "Old Ledge," with broad mea-
dows below;
And the five "Rocky Hills," where he
found such delight
With his sled, on the sparkling snow.
The "Old Pasture-bars," where he
went for the cows;
The clear "Sandy Brook," where
fish bled
There's the "Old Open Chamber,"
where pattered the rain
While he read, by a kerosene light.
The "Old Popple Knoll," the "Sage-
vine Tree,"
That dropped apples, red, on big
loads of hay.
The bubbling spring and the "Sand
Hole," close by
Where he built fairy castles and
cities of clay.
And, on down the road—'round the
bend, there's a spot
Where once stood a little red school;
Tis there golden-rod grows; there have
been many snows
Since those days in "The Old Swim-
min' Pool."
Yes, many the days, and many the ways,
My Papa has journeyed—but best,
Is his last journey home, to God's heav-
enly throne,
Through the scenes of his childhood
—to rest.
Away, in the little white church-yard
to sleep
Near his loved ones, who've gone
on before,
God's will must be done—and I must
be brave,
For my Papa will suffer no more.
Written in loving memory of my
Papa who died October 20, 1926.
(Mrs. Alta Vera Arnold)

LOCKE'S MILLS

Mary Davis entertained eleven little
girls Saturday afternoon in honor of
her birthday. Refreshments of ice cream
and birthday cake, decorated with
candles were served. The guests
were: Anne Ring, Claire Tobbers, My-
ra and Catherine Schell, Alice Ames,
Christine Morgan, Ralph Corkum,
Robert Keniston, Kerne Swan, Ber-
niece of South Paris.
Mr. and Mrs. Donald Tellefs, Mr.
and Mrs. Lester Tellefs attended the
ball game at Brunswick, Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. Owen Davis entertained
Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Swift, Mr.
and Mrs. Harold Abbott and Irene of
South Paris and Mr. and Mrs. Frank
Eng of this place.
Bear in mind that the Chautauqua
dates for Bethel are Dec. 1 to 3.
Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Howe of Han-
over visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs.
W. B. Rand.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ring, Mrs. Nell
Haley and their Bryant attended the
funeral of Bert Day at West Paris, Sat-
urday.
Visiting ought to be viewed as a privi-
lege, rather than an irksome duty to be
avoided whenever possible. It should
be regarded as an opportunity to find
out as a citizen—an obligation of citi-
zenship in a country where citizenship
now means something.

WEST PARIS

Marjorie Ellingwood of Auburn was
the guest Saturday of her father, P. P.
McKenney.
Mrs. Carroll Curtis of East Bethel,
Christopher Bryant, Mrs. Nell Moody,
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ring, Herbert Day,
Locke's Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert
Bisbee, Sumner, Mr. and Mrs. E. D.
Robbins, Rupert Robbins, Mechanic
Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Alden Day and
daughter and husband of Oxford, Les-
lie Mayhew, Mrs. Helene Bubler, Miss
Thayer, South Paris, and Mrs. Flora
Widder of Boston were in town Satur-
day to attend the funeral of Bert Day.
The remains of Hannibal H. Hough-
ton of Auburn, who committed suicide
by shooting were brought here Saturday
afternoon. Mr. Houghton was a resi-
dent at one time of this village. His
widow was Miss Laura Willis, daugh-
ter of Ethan Willis of West Paris. Two
sisters also survive him. Mrs. Emma
Harris of Lewiston and Mrs. Mary E.
Bryant of South Paris. Mr. Houghton
was born in Locke's Mills, Feb. 1849,
the son of Moses and Lucy (Swift)
Houghton. He was a drummer in the
Civil War and always greatly interest-
ed in the Grand Army.
C. H. Young is making repairs on the
house before moving his family here.
Rev. Eleanor B. Forbes attended a
funeral at Portland Sunday and the reg-
ular church service was conducted by
members of the Y. P. C. U. The service
was very interesting.
Sunday evening six young people
joined the Young People's Christian
Union. It was a candle light service
and very pretty and impressive. Those
initiated were Mrs. Mary Perham, Pris-
cilla Curtis, Annabel Snow, Lewis J.
Mann, James Farrar and Raymond
Dean. Members of the union expect
to visit Rumford next Sunday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. Harold Gammon spent
the week end with relatives at a camp
in Lovell.
Mrs. Annie Willis and Mrs. Howard
McKenney were at Auburn, Saturday,
to attend the funeral of Hannibal
Houghton.
Miss Louise Devine went to Auburn
Monday and entered Webster Grammar
school. Mrs. Devine will go down the
latter part of the week and they will
spend the winter with Mrs. Devine's
sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Es-
sner Ham.
Mrs. Ida Mountfort went to Portland
Wednesday to attend the National
Grange.

SKILLINGTON

The community was shocked and sad
to learn of the death of Miss Ida
M. Haselton at the home of her re-
lative, John Anderson. Her neighbors
and acquaintances will always remem-
ber her for as long a time, loyal and sym-
pathetic friend.
Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Young have
moved into Mrs. Grace Foley's house
which they have rented for the winter
months.
Julius Robinson is in Boston for a
brief visit.
Thomas Vachow was home over the
week end. He and his brother, Jesse,
have employment at Poland.
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Little were in
Rumford Saturday.
Mr. Horton Back is at Mr. and Mrs.
Charles Crosby's, recovering from an
accident which happened while he was
working in the woods, and in which his
foot and ankle were badly crushed.
Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Robinson
went Sunday in Portland.
It was noted that the Chautauqua
dates for Bethel are Dec. 1 to 3.
A brief dinner party was given to
Mrs. Elsie Robinson Tuesday night at
the home of Mrs. J. P. Skellegge, only
members of the family being present.
The feature of the evening was a
beautiful birthday cake decorated with
the appropriate number of candles. The
birthday day Mrs. Robinson was the re-
sult of a number of gifts as well as

the good wishes of her friends and
neighbors.

NEWRY

Mr. Reed of Milan, N. H., was in
town last Sunday.
F. I. French and a hired man are saw-
ing timber for Alton Bartlett, Hanover.
Mr. and Mrs. Hulbert have moved
into Mr. French's rent at the Corner
and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Cohen of
New York have moved in C. H. L.
Powers' house for a year.
Mrs. D. C. Smith was in Augusta a
few days last week.
Bear in mind that the Chautauqua
dates for Bethel are Dec. 1 to 3.
Quite a number of people went from
this place to Bethel to attend Pomona
Grange.

FARMERS WARNED ABOUT
RED CLOVER OR ALFALFA
FA SEED

Beware of red clover or alfalfa seed
which has been colored red is the ad-
vice given to Maine farmers by A. K.
Gardner, Crops Specialist of the Exten-
sion Service, College of Agriculture.
This red colored seed is an indication
that it is not adapted for use in this
state, or in fact in the United States.
Under the federal seed act recently
passed by Congress, all red clover and
alfalfa seed imported into the United
States must be colored. If careful tests
show the seed is not adapted for general
agricultural use, at least 10% of the
seeds in each container must be colored
red, otherwise entry into this country
is prohibited. Foreign seed which is
found adaptable to our use will also be
colored. One per cent of the seed in
each container imported from Canada is
to be colored violet and if produced in
any other country, it is to be colored
green.
This information is of considerable
importance to Maine farmers. The 1925
agricultural census shows that there
were 1210 acres of alfalfa being grown
in the state and 6825 acres of red, al-
falfa and mammoth clovers, a consid-
erable part of which is unquestionably
red clover alone or mixed with grass seeds.
Probably about one-third of this acre-
age is seeded each year which means
that the farmers of Maine use several
thousand pounds of red clover seed at
least each year.
According to the census figures,
Maine's alfalfa first in acreage of
these crops, in fact nearly half the
average reported for the entire state
in the United States. Kennebec and
Androscoggin have about the same acreage
followed by Somerset, Oxford and An-
drosoggin.

Please keep more information
concerning the seed should consult
either the county agent or write to the
Federation Service, College of Agricul-
ture, Dorr.

POTATO MARKET OUTLOOK
UNCHANGED

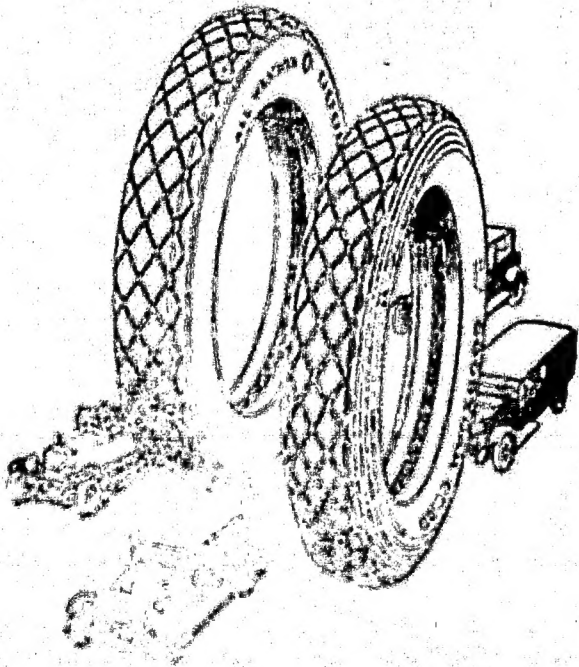
In a report issued by the New Eng-
land Crop Reporting Service it was
stated last month that the expected crop
of late potatoes was about 15% below a
normal crop. The September 1 fore-
cast of production was 280 million bu-
shels in the late crop states while a
normal production would be 340 million
bushels. It was also stated that during
the past 23 years when the production
of potatoes was 15% below normal the
short supply had caused prices 37.5%
above normal on the average.
The October 1 forecast of production
does not change the situation to any
appreciable extent. It will be noted
that the production figures for Maine
have been increased about 5%. This
increase has been more than offset by a
decrease in the forecast of production
for Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota.
The total expected production in late
crop states is now slightly less than was
shown on September 1. A strong win-
ter market is still indicated. This does
not mean the highly speculative market
of last year which was caused by a
crop which was 20% below normal. It
does indicate, however, that the mar-
ket will advance further during the
winter months.
As a general rule the lowest potato
prices come in October when the bulk
of the late crop comes on the market.
This year potato prices have generally
been firm since the first digging began.
There should not be any considerable
drop in market prices this month, and it
is likely that November will see prices
increase.

Greek Accorded Honor

The Greek Pythias, who made a voy-
age of discovery northward in 325 B. C.,
is believed to have been the first trav-
eler of history who probably ap-
proached the Arctic circle and reached
the land of the midnight sun.

Restless
Nights

often caused by
Indigestion, Biliouness, Constipation
To prevent indigestion, acid stom-
ach, gas pressure, constipation, any of
which symptoms will prevent healthy
natural sleep, use "L. F." ATWOOD'S
BITTERS.
Don't neglect regular bowel move-
ment daily, restful sleep cannot come
when the intestines are overloaded
with surplus waste.
Teaspoonful doses of the true "L.
F." ATWOOD'S BITTERS will help
to establish a regular morning habit
of priceless value.
Get a Bottle today. 50 doses 50c. Total size 15c.
L. F. Medicine Co., Portland, Me.



Save Your Money
Buy Goodyears

You may have a barrel of money. We hope you have.
But we can't give you one cent's worth more of dollar-for-
dollar tire value than the man of modest means can get in a
Goodyear Tire today.
The fact is, Goodyear quality is now within reach of all.
That's what comes of building the best of tires and pricing
them low.
A 30x3 1/2 Cord for \$8.95 A 20x4 40 Balloon for \$11.20
Alcohol, Alcohol-Glycerin for your radiator
Tire Chains
Central Service Station
MAIN ST., BETHEL, MAINE
Phone 107-5

Winter Battery Storage

for the season
\$3.00

Weed Tire Chains
Denatured Alcohol

Winter Oils Willard Batteries



BENSON & GIBBS
Mechanic St., BETHEL, MAINE

Second Hand Machinery

Hay Press, Tractor Plow
1 1/2 H. P. Gasoline Engine
DeLaval Cream Separator
Horse Rake

All the above are in A-1 condition and will
be sold at a reasonable price.

C. L. DAVIS
BETHEL, MAINE

Winter Gasoline

and

Winter Oil

We are now on Winter Schedule
and Valvoline Winter Gasoline now
tests 66 gravity, the highest that has
been put through pumps to date.

Valvoline Winter Oil flows at
coldest temperatures and makes the
car operate just like the summer
time.

I have one

Parlor Heater

left I am making a special low price on
for a few days.

AGENT FOR THE

Round Oak and Clarion
Ranges and Heaters

Give me a call when in need of General Hardware,
Paints, Oils and Varnishes, Crockery and Cutlery.

J. P. BUTTS
BETHEL, ME.

You Perhaps Don't Know

The Prudent man must take to protect his depositors'
money. Every known method is used—

BURGLAR INSURANCE
HOLD-UP INSURANCE
EMPLOYEES INSURANCE
IMPREGNABLE VAULTS

There is no reason why you should keep your money about
your home—in the mattress—under the carpet—buried in
the cellar—subject to FIRE and THEFT.

PARIS TRUST CO.

SOUTH PARIS

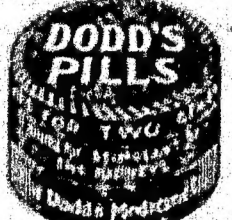
BUCKFIELD

WRIGLEY'S NEW HANDY PACK



A treat in the Peppermint-flavored sugar-coated jacket and another in the Peppermint-flavored gum inside—most value in long-lasting delight.

3 handy packs 5¢



DIURETIC STIMULANT TO THE KIDNEYS

Standard for Generations
Mrs. J. H. Jones of St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I have been suffering from kidney trouble for several years. I have tried many remedies, but nothing has helped me. I have heard of Dodd's Pills and have bought a box. I have taken them and feel much better. I have no more pain and my kidneys are working again. I am very grateful to you for this medicine."—J. H. Jones, St. Louis, Mo.

FREE TO RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS

These pills of medicine that stimulate the action of the kidneys and remove the waste from the blood. It is a powerful remedy for rheumatism, kidney trouble, and all other ailments of the urinary system. It is a powerful remedy for rheumatism, kidney trouble, and all other ailments of the urinary system. It is a powerful remedy for rheumatism, kidney trouble, and all other ailments of the urinary system.

W. H. U. BOSTON, NO. 46-1923.

To what does your pain or slight deviation from the track of human nature lead?—Hypnotic.

Glowing Logs
An open fireplace—logs crackling and snapping. There's nothing more restful or more soothing to body and nerves—except, perhaps, a cup of hot Monarch Coffee. A delightful beverage, supreme in quality, low in cost.

MONARCH
Quality for 75 Years

ROED, MURDOCH & CO.
Chicago • Boston • Philadelphia • New York

Popular Portland Woman Recovers From Year's Illness

Nervousness, Upset Stomach and General Debility Quickly Relieved by Tanlac. Now Claims There Is No Healthier Woman in Portland. Gains 62 Pounds.

Those who are facing a life of pain and suffering discover the secret way to get rid of the symptoms of Mrs. Margaret Wilson, 51 Myrtle Street, Portland, Me., who recovered from a distressing condition. She says: "I am so glad I can tell you that I have been cured of my nervousness, my upset stomach, and my general debility. I have gained 62 pounds and I feel like a new woman. I am so glad I can tell you that I have been cured of my nervousness, my upset stomach, and my general debility. I have gained 62 pounds and I feel like a new woman."

"DANDELION BUTTER COLOR"

A harmless vegetable butter color used by millions for 60 years. Drug stores and general stores sell bottles of "Dandelion" for 65 cents.—Adv.

The root of discontent is self-love.—J. P. Clarke.

Cuticura for Sore Hands. Sore hands on retiring in the hot suns of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with these paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do. Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Advertisement.

The over-curious are not over-wise.—Miesinger.

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Take Tablets Without Fear If You See the Safety "Bayer Cross"

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 26 years. Buy "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Imitations may prove dangerous.—Adv.

All the hot air doesn't come from the sun.

Today's Big Offer to All Who Have Stomach Agony

Read About This Generous Money Back Guarantee

When you have any trouble with your stomach such as gas, heartburn and distention, why fool with things which at best can only give relief. Why not get a medicine that will build up your upset, disordered stomach and make it so strong and vigorous that it will do its work without any help.

Such a medicine is Dr. J. C. Peppin's Peppin's, a delightful elixir that is sold by your local dealer and druggists everywhere with the distinct understanding that if it doesn't really help your money will be gladly returned. It has helped thousands—it will no doubt help you.

It's the why's that help to make us wise.

Coughs and Colds

are not only annoying, but dangerous. If not attended to at once they may develop into serious ailments.

Boschee's Syrup

In soothing and healing in such cases, and has been used for sixty years. 30¢ per bottle. At all druggists. If you cannot get it, write to G. G. Green, Inc., Woodbury, N. Y.

ITCHING RASHES

quickly relieved and often cleared away by a few applications of

Resinol

Only the home can found a state.—Joseph Cook.

Community Building

To Get Best Results From Use of Paint

Even when lumber is properly seasoned no painting should be attempted if there is evidence of surface moisture, as will be the case after a damp, foggy or frosty night or a rainy spell. Moreover, it is unwise to do any outside painting in extremely cold weather. If satisfactory results are to be obtained, the temperature should not be lower than 50 degrees Fahrenheit.

When it is sure that the wood is perfectly dry the surface should be prepared for the first coat by being scraped and brushed to remove any dirt, sand or other foreign matter that may have adhered to it. This done, all knots and sap streaks should be shellacked with pure alcohol shellac brushed out very thin, care being exercised to work it well into the knots and to cover one-half inch on all sides of them. It is advisable to allow the shellac to dry half a day before priming begins.

Three coats of paint should always be applied to exterior wood which has never been painted—a thin priming coat and two heavier coats. Two coats only are sometimes used on new wood for the sake of economy, but it is not true economy. A third coat makes a job look better and last twice as long.

Exterior work should be allowed to dry from two to four days before the second coat is applied. In fact, the longer the time between coats the better.—Washington Post.

Shade Makes Facing of House Important

In what direction should the house face? Eastern folks face west. In nearly all the central portion of the United States the popular idea is that a home fronting the east is most desirable; in the south central parts, a north front is thought next best, followed by the south frontage, with the western outlook generally condemned. Some are of the opinion, however, that the house facing the west has sometimes a real advantage.

If there is plenty of shade all around the house, the direction it faces makes little difference, though in the northern part of the country entrance doors on the north side are prolific sources of heat wastage in winter. The old east front idea arose from the use of the front porch in the average, a practice that has given way to the habit of taking the air in the automobile after the evening dishes are washed. And a house without shade can be neither comfortable nor beautiful.

A level above the street is better than one below it, because of drainage difficulties as well as lack of air connected with the latter, but if the terrace be too high, the householder will grow very weary with the passing of the years from climbing the steps to his front yard. Two or three feet above the street grade line is ideal, with the lot so graded that rain-water will run away from the house in all directions.

Small-Town Growth

There is no better indication of the growth of the Kansas small town than the growth of the Kansas small town newspapers—growth in many ways. No longer is the average town satisfied with a weekly newspaper, or even a daily, poorly printed daily. Growth has widened the public demand for better dailies, but today more than a score of towns under 10,000 population boast of fine, intelligent, enterprising dailies; not metropolitan dailies, but still papers which more than give their communities the news of the day.—Esperanza Gazette.

Home in Larger Cities

As a first step toward obtaining a home consideration should be given to the matter of location. A good deal of forethought must be exercised in the choice. Nearness to schools, churches, stores, parks, recreation or playgrounds, accessibility to the downtown area and to the place of employment are all items that demand attention. Unless one is planning a very pretentious home it is best to study carefully the prepared plans of reputable home builders. Costly errors are avoided in this manner.

Brick Construction Gains

Solid brick construction is steadily gaining in favor for small homes, owing especially to the relatively low cost of upkeep for the exterior walls. The amount of painting is much less. Also in some districts the insurance rates for this type of building are lower. There is an almost endless variety offered nowadays in brick, so that all sorts of interesting effects can be gained at moderate cost. The many brick homes possible in solid brick construction give a most desirable variety and texture to the walls.

Care Will Prevent Fires

If everybody cleaned up the premises, and if everybody constantly inspected the lights used, and if everybody extinguished every match and cigarette or cigar after use, fires would become so infrequent that the work of the fire department would be rarely needed.—Chicago Test.

RADIO

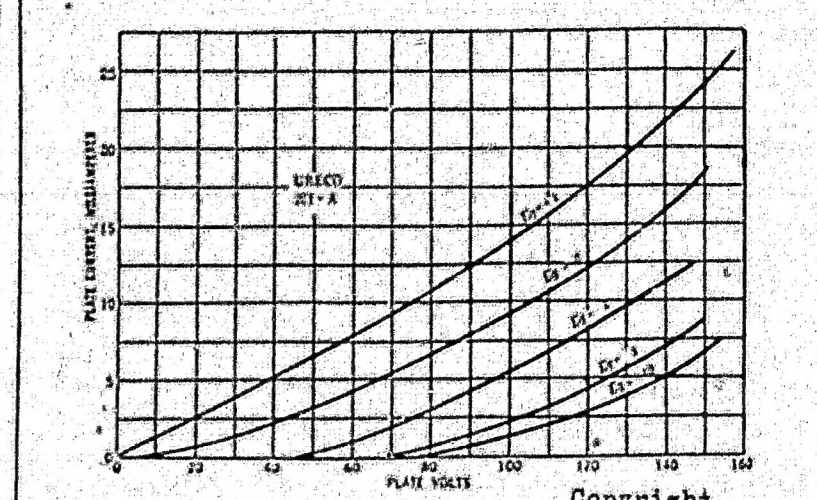


FIG. 2
Radio Broadcast, 1926.

How to Calculate Tube Constants. Plate Impedance Is Ascertained With a Simple Apparatus.

That it is not beyond the means of the average radio fan to calculate the constants of his own tubes is amply proved by the enlightening article on this subject by Keith Henney, laboratory expert, in the "Special Shows Number" of Radio Broadcast magazine. The only apparatus necessary, besides the tube socket, rheostat, batteries, and perhaps a potentiometer to control grid bias, consists of two meters—a double-range voltmeter and a milliammeter. The former should have ranges of from 0 to 10 and 0 to 100 volts, while the milliammeter should read up to 10 ma., and, as higher readings may be required of it, a shunt will be necessary. The object of a shunt is to enable higher readings than the maximum figure marked on the dial face to be read.

In his Radio Broadcast article Mr. Henney explains how the simplification factor, plate impedance, mutual conductance, and d. c. and a. c. resistances may be found. Here it is intended briefly to outline his method of arriving at the plate impedance.

Suppose it is desired to obtain the above characteristic of a standard 201-A tube. We first of all set up our apparatus as shown in the accompanying Fig. 1. Here a voltmeter is shown connected across each of the three sets of batteries, but, of course, our one double-range meter is all that is necessary, for only one reading is taken at a time. The grid battery should preferably consist of a storage battery or several 1½-volt batteries, so that 2-volt or 1½-volt variations are possible. A potentiometer is not shown in the diagram but one may be used to advantage for varying the grid bias.

How to Proceed.
The set-up complete, we place our voltmeter across the filament posts of the socket and adjust the rheostat until the meter reads 5 volts. For our first curve, that shown as E_g=0 on the chart, we shall omit the grid battery. E_g represents grid bias.

Having obtained a piece of graph paper and marked it off similarly to the chart shown herewith, we are ready to proceed. We adjust the "B" battery voltage in 22½-volt steps and read the plate current for each step. Thus we are able to plot a curve such as the one marked E_g=0 on the accompanying chart.

To get the plate impedance at zero volts grid bias then, we utilize the following formula, in which R_p represents the plate impedance:
R_p = Change in Plate Voltage / Change in Plate Current

Referring to our chart, we read that, with a zero bias, a plate voltage of 120 volts gives us a 13-milliamper plate current and a 45-volt plate voltage gives us 3 milliamper plate current. We put down that information thus:

Plate Voltage	Plate Current
120	13
45	3

75 Volts Change 10 Mils. Change
We must use volts, ohms, and amperes in our formula above, and so we convert our 10 mil. to .010 amper, and substitute in the formula:

$$R_p = \frac{75}{.010} = 7,500 \text{ ohms}$$

Therefore, the plate impedance at zero volts grid bias is 7,500 ohms. Further curves may be drawn to obtain the plate impedance at various grid biases, and these are shown in Fig. 2 as E_g=-1, E_g=-2, E_g=-3, and E_g=-4.

Tandem Tuning Condensers.
Tandem tuning of condensers, to decrease the number of separate controls, has become quite common. There are some fundamental facts concerning tandem tuning which must be considered if satisfactory results are to be obtained, and these are interestingly outlined in a short article in the Radio Broadcast magazine.

The output and input characteristics in which the tuned circuits work must be exactly similar in each stage before the condensers may be successfully tuned. In a standard circuit with two stages of tuned radio frequency amplification, it is not a difficult matter to connect the condensers across the secondary coils of the transformers in the grid circuit of the second radio frequency and detector stages, providing the coils are matched. It would not be possible, however, to control the condenser tuning the grid circuit of the first radio frequency tube by the same knob which controls the other two condensers, even though the coils and con-

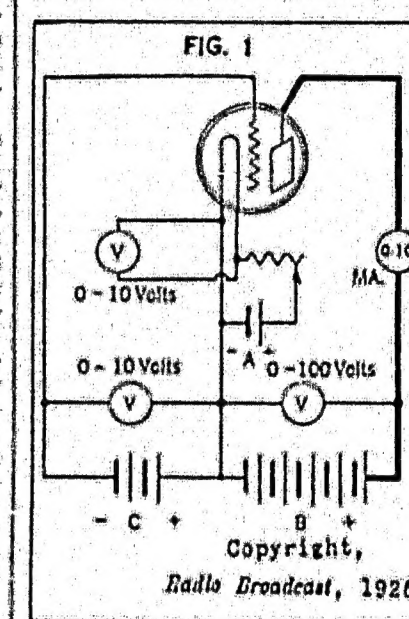


FIG. 1
Radio Broadcast, 1926.

Diagram Showing How to Set Up the Apparatus.

and, providing the coils and condensers are matched, they may be tuned by one three-gang condenser.

It would be possible to range the three condensers without adding the tube, but this would require extremely accurate cutting of the condenser plates so as to compensate for any effect of the antenna circuit. This is a difficult job, and it is preferable to retain two controls or to use an extra tube. Many so-called single-control receivers are equipped with some compensating device which permits exact tuning of each circuit to resonance. In some cases this device consists of a small midcut condenser connected in parallel with one of the main tuning elements; sometimes the stationary plates of one of the condensers are mounted on a pivot so as to permit more accurate tuning. But no receiver that has such an adjustable feature can be called a single-control set.

Signals Stronger in Dark, Scientist Says

Proof of the theory that shadow of the conductor of radio waves was obtained at a test made at the government air mail field at Maywood, Ill., according to A. J. Musselman, originator of the "opaqueness" theory, who conducted the test with the co-operation of A. Fritzer, government radio operator, and others.

The antenna of a government low-wave transmitter and the aerial of a receiving set were placed in the path of a 450,000-candle-power searchlight, 1,500 yards apart. Fritzer then sent the Morse alphabet, while Musselman and others were stationed at the receiving set with an audibility meter. Signals came through stronger, according to Musselman, when the great beams of light through which the waves were made to pass were turned off. The scientist said that the lack of difference in the strength of the signal when the light beam was merely switched away from the antenna and aerial, but not turned off, also was favorable to the theory.

Start Drill in Dent

Never try to drill a hole in a bakelite or hard rubber panel without first providing a starting dent for the drill with a center punch. Without such a punch mark the drill will "walk" all over the panel, no matter how carefully you hold the drill itself.

HOW TO KEEP WELL

DR. FREDERICK R. GREEN
Editor of "HEALTH"

BREAD AND WATER

AN EARNEST and conscientious judge out in Nebraska, determined to enforce the Volstead act, sentenced several violators of the law to jail and added to the confinement an order that the culprits, while serving their sentences, should be kept on a bread-and-water diet.

At once the newspapers took up an animated discussion as to whether such an order was not equivalent to a death sentence. As some of the papers put it, in flaming headlines, the real question was "Can men live on bread and water?"

To ask such a question shows a singular disregard of history and also of the condition under which millions of human beings are living today. One need go no farther than the lessons he learned in Sunday school in his childhood.

In the nineteenth chapter of Second Kings is told a dramatic incident in the life of Elijah, one of the most fearless warriors that the Jewish nation ever produced. Fleeing from the wrath of Queen Jezebel, 700 of whose henchmen prophesied he had slain, Elijah "went for his life" a day's journey into the wilderness. Worn out and hungry he lay down and slept under a juniper tree. When he awoke, an angel of the Lord said unto him "Arise and eat." And he looked and behold, there was a cake baked on the coals and a cruse of water. And he arose and ate and drank and went in the strength of that food forty days and forty nights unto Horeb, the mount of God.

Wild eastern legend, says the rationalist. Very well, let's have some modern witness.

Lowell Thomas, before the war a Chicago and New York newspaper man, was sent by his paper to Egypt to meet Col. T. B. Lawrence, a British army officer who had organized and was leading the Arabs against the Turks. In his recent book, "With Lawrence in Arabia," he tells some remarkable stories. Lawrence was a young Englishman, five feet three inches tall and so delicate that when he first offered to enlist the British recruiting officer told him to go home and grow. Young Lawrence organized the most efficient camel corps the world has ever seen and drove the Turks out of Arabia. Wells in the desert are three days' journey, often 250 miles apart. Lawrence and his men broke all records, even those records of the toughest Arabs in desert travel, averaging 1,500 miles a month.

What was their food equipment for a six weeks' trip across the desert? A forty-five pound bag of flour. Each man lived on unleavened cakes baked on coals and carried a pint of water which had to last for three days.

Can men live on bread and water? Ask Lawrence and his Arabian warriors.

TAKING A SICKNESS CENSUS

HOW much sickness is there in an average town in a year? Not how many deaths, that can easily be determined. But, beside the sicknesses that result fatally, how many people are ill who recover and how much time is lost through unnecessary and avoidable sickness?

Health officers have been trying for some time to answer some of these questions. In a recent issue of the Public Health Reports is an article by Edgar Sydenstricker of the United States public health service, giving figures of an extended survey of 193 families in the town of Hagerstown, Md., for 23 months. In those 193 households were 8,537 persons. Not all of them, of course, were under observation for the entire 23 months, but the total number amounted to what Doctor Sydenstricker calls 10,517 years which would be equal to a town of 10,517 persons for one year.

Of these, 8,001 were men, and 2,536 were women. So the proportion of sexes was more equally divided than would be found in the average town. The survey covered the time from December 1, 1921, to March 31, 1923, 23 months embracing all the seasons.

In this group and during this time there were 17,317 definite and separate cases of illnesses, or a little more than an average of one per year per person. Of these, 10,514, or over 60 per cent, were diseases of the respiratory tract. This included influenza or gripe, scarlet fever, pneumonia, measles, whooping cough, and all troubles with the throat and lungs.

Of all forms of epidemic diseases there were 1,418 cases, or 8 per cent. This included typhoid, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, diphtheria and all other epidemics.

General diseases, such as rheumatism, diabetes, etc., caused 11,500 illnesses, or 2 per cent. Diseases of the nervous system caused 723 illnesses, or 4 per cent. Diseases of the ear, nose and throat caused 1,504 illnesses, or 8 per cent.

In spite of all we hear about the increase of heart disease and the blood pressure, illnesses due to causes of the heart and blood vessels only amounted to 303, the same as eye and ear troubles. Digestive troubles formed a large group, 1,504, or 8 per cent.

Keep F

Good Health Res Eliminat

To be well the blood must be pure. If impurities are allowed to build up, a toxic condition is created. On is languid, tired, aching backache, symptoms, with aches and dizziness are not only often a sign of a toxic condition, but they are also a sign of a poor kidney. Proper kidney action is essential to the health of the body. Ask your doctor.

DOAN'S

Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

Order the door of a life in the inscription, "Doan's"—Dionisius Stouffer.

Sure R

For Indigestion

25¢ and 75¢ Pkts. So

BELL

FOR INDIGESTION

There's nothing breaking up a chest—Safe—

HALE'S

There's nothing breaking up a chest—Safe—

OLIV

TA

For and long and men

Garfield

Was Your Grandmother's

For and long and men

Vasel

For and long and men

Colo

For and long and men

LUDE

For and long and men

Use Cuticura

And Ointment

To Heal Sores

TO KEEP WELL

FREDERICK R. GREEN
OF "HEALTH"

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and during this time 847 deaths and separa- 100, or a little more than one per cent per year. 44, or over 90 per cent of the respiratory tract influenza or grippe, 42 pneumonia, pleurisy, 103 any fever, asthma, 102 all troubles with the

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Keep Fit!

Good Health Requires Good Elimination.

To be well, you must keep the blood stream free from impurities. If the kidneys fail, allowing body poisons to accumulate, a toxic condition is created. One is apt to feel dull, languid, tired and aching. A nagging backache is sometimes a symptom, with drowsy headaches and dizzy spells. That the kidneys are not functioning properly is often shown by burning or scanty passage of secretions. If you have reason to suspect improper kidney functioning, try **Doan's Pills**—a tested stimulant diuretic. Users praise them throughout the United States. Ask your neighbor!

DOAN'S PILLS 60c

Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys
J. C. Doan & Co., Inc., Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

Over the door of a library in Thebes is the inscription, "Medicine for the soul."—Diodorus Siculus.

Sure Relief

BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELLANS Hot Water Sure Relief

FOR INDIGESTION

25¢ and 75¢ Pkgs. Sold Everywhere

STAFFORD'S BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION. It is a sure relief for indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, and all the troubles of the stomach. It is a sure relief for indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, and all the troubles of the stomach. It is a sure relief for indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, and all the troubles of the stomach.

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MAIDA'S SHIPWRECKED WOOR

By H. M. EGBERT

(Copyright by W. G. Chapman.)

MAIDA stood still and looked at the black object upon the beach. At first she thought it was a seal, washed ashore after the great storm that had whipped up the shingle in great ridges all around the lighthouse rock. Then she saw that it was a man.

She held her breath in terror. Presently she ventured to draw nearer. It was a young man, with dark hair and a pale face, the tan of the neck ending in a V where the open shirt collar disclosed the white of the skin beneath.

For a moment Maida did not know what to do. Then, moved by compassion, she knelt beside him and rested his head upon her knees, while she tried to revive him, chafing his hands and dashing sea water upon his face.

All the while her heart beat furiously. She had never seen a man before, except some occasional sea captain, grizzled and bowed, who rowed out to the lonely lighthouse, and the man who brought oil and provisions in his motor boat.

Maida's mother had kept the lighthouse ever since Maida was born. She had lived there alone, tending the light ceaselessly, a worn and shriveled, hard-fetted, taciturn old woman, who seldom spoke.

She had bought books and taught her daughter to read and write. Often Maida had spoken of her desire to see the world outside; but the very suggestion aroused the mother's fury to such a degree that Maida had come at last to acquiesce in her lot as inevitable.

The sea captain, though they looked at her pityingly, had been afraid of the grim old woman, whose loneliness had turned her brain. They spoke to Maida hurriedly, and always watched to avoid the old lighthouse keeper's anger.

The young man opened a pair of dazzling blue eyes on Maida. "Am I dead and are you a fairy?" he asked.

"No," answered Maida. "This is my rock."

He groaned. "I remember," he muttered. "Let me lie if I can stand."

She helped him to his feet and stood beside him, watching him anxiously. No bones were broken. But he was very weak, and the chopping sea made any thought of putting out impossible.

"If mother finds you she will kill me," said the girl.

"Why?" inquired the young man, regarding her curiously.

"She hates men. She never means me to marry or see a man. Oh, I don't know what to do," sobbed Maida.

"Isn't there some place where I can hide until an opportunity comes for going away?" asked the young man.

"Yes," answered Maida. "The base of the tower. You can stay there and I can bring you food. Mother leaves me to carry up oil from the store-room. But you will go soon, won't you?"

"As soon as I can," answered the young man, groaning. "I think," he added, "something is broken after all—in my side. It feels as if a rib had gone."

Maida got him to the base of the tower and made him comfortable upon some sacks. The young man stretched himself out at ease. He told her how he had been on the bark that had gone ashore two miles away the night before. He had been the only survivor when the lifeboat swamped. He had clung to it until the waves washed him ashore off Inch rock. Then he had remembered nothing.

Maida listened in fascination as he told her his story. He was the only son of a rich importer, an Englishman who had settled in the Canaries and married a Spanish lady. He, too, had been tired of his island. His father, reluctant to lose his only child, had at last granted him permission to sail on a voyage to Boston, to which port he had resigned an importation.

He spoke of his own island home in terms which aroused every dormant desire in the girl to travel. His own father had spent his youth in the United States, and, strangely enough, not far from the lighthouse at Seabury, on the Maine coast.

"Maida! Maida! Where are you, child?"

boldly, and demand Maida by natural right. If she refused, they two would go away together in the next sea captain's boat that touched at Inch rock. Maida listened with beating heart while he told her of his home in the Canaries, of his father, who would never reject the choice his son made of a bride; of the tropical trees and palms in that island paradise.

So three nights and days passed. The young man had recovered from his injury. And they ever planned the method of breaking the news to the crazed old woman above.

Maida feared her mother no longer. She seemed to have unfolded from girlhood to womanhood in those three days; and, as if sensible of it, her mother's demeanor toward her had insensibly altered.

On the fourth night the mild air and a brilliant moon tempted them to the cellar. Above, they knew the old woman would be seated, as she always sat, beside the light, thinking of what Maida never knew. It was safe if they kept under the tower.

They wandered on together, and her lover sought Maida's waist and held her, and their lips met in a happy kiss. Insensible of the passage of time, they wandered on.

Suddenly a slight noise startled them. Before them stood Maida's mother, frantic with rage and grief. She shook her fist at Maida and babbled incoherently.

"Come, mother," said the young man, "I own we played you an unfair trick, but it wasn't my fault that I should have got washed ashore upon an island where the dearest girl in the world lives."

"Aye, you've stole her from me," sobbed the old woman. "But I'll hold her. I'll kill you both first. I'll burn the tower and you!"

"Now, mother, be sensible," pleaded the young man, laying his hand on her arm. "You haven't thought that Maida would grow up to womanhood some day, that marriage is her right, as love is. You haven't created her rightly."

"Rightly?" cried the old woman. "What right has a girl in the world today? Who is there to care for her except her mother? Listen to me, and I'll tell you something that not even Maida knows."

"You'll laugh and sneer when I tell you that in my day I was the belle of my native town, not many miles from here. Among all my suitors there was just one I gave my heart to. He was handsome—oh, yes, he was handsome. I was just a girl, and I didn't know that the young, quiet, Englishman, whom I laughed at, because he was afraid to look me in the face, was worth twenty of my false lover. I trusted him."

"He was coming back to marry me very soon, and so nobody need know. And I had faith in him—the faith a girl has. And I waited, and he never came. And the folks found out my shame, and where everybody had sought my company I was despised and outcast, and I had nobody, nobody at all to ask advice of before Maida was born. That's the sort of chance a girl has. And now you know, do you still want Maida, knowing what she is?"

Maida shrank back, hardly understanding the passion of bitter memory that lashed her mother, but the young man drew her to him.

"I do," he answered.

"I learned too late what false hearts men have," continued the mother. "There was just one that stood by me—the young Englishman who had loved me. He wanted me still, he wanted to care for Maida. But I couldn't let him. I knew it would be pity and not love. So I came here. If there's another man alive like him I might trust my girl to him, but to none other. And there could be only one Geoffrey Hale in the world."

"The young man, who had listened attentively, started and then sprang forward.

"My father!" he cried. "You are Louise Troy. He has often spoken of you. Look at me, mother. Don't you see my father's face in me?"

Incredulously the old woman seized him by the shoulder and stared into his eyes. Suddenly a mask seemed to fall from her face.

"I have lived for this day," she said solemnly. "Be good to her. I—I—"

He caught her as she stumbled for ward. But he knew that, having her day, she could rest peacefully till her night ended.

Fiddler Crab One of Oddities of Nature

There is one member of the crab family for which the Latin name is *Gecarcinus lateralis*, meaning "lateral." The name seems appropriate, for he is a very queer little fellow, says the Montreal Star. The male has one claw of immense size, the other being quite small. The big claw is brightly colored and when he runs he waves it about as if he were energetically beckoning, or playing a stringed instrument. Hence he is often known as the "fiddler crab" or "fiddler crab."

Fiddler crabs inhabit various parts of the world and usually are found in large numbers on muddy or sandy flats left dry by the tide, where they may be seen hurrying over the sand or peering out of their holes, into which they vanish when alarmed. The holes, about a foot deep, are made by the crab digging up and carrying away sand or silt.

Excess Baggage!

"This car has four-wheel brakes," began the salesman.

The American Legion

(Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

SIOUX CITY BAND WINS FIRST PRIZE

The Monahan Post band of Sioux City, Iowa, again won the first prize in the competition of the more than fifty bands at the eighth annual convention of the American Legion held in Philadelphia, which renewed its title of being the official national Legion band as well as putting \$1,000 in cash, a fine drum and \$75 worth of music in their hands. They won the title first in 1922.

The second prize, consisting of \$500, a clarinet and a cornet, went to Post No. 1 band of Columbus, Ohio.

The third prize, consisting of \$250, a clarinet and \$25 worth of military march music, went to Post No. 124 band of Beaver Dam, Wis.

The fourth prize, consisting of a \$250 certificate for band instruments in addition to a clarinet, went to the Batavia (New York) band.

The fifth prize, consisting of a \$150 certificate for band instruments in addition to a clarinet, went to the Williamsport (Pennsylvania) Post No. 1 band.

The drum and bugle corps contest was close, the Racine (Wisconsin) outfit losing the first prize it had held and the Fort Dodge (Iowa) Post No. 130 winning the first prize of \$1,000 and a special bugle.

The second prize of \$500 and a \$100 certificate for instruments went to Post No. 55, Kankakee, Ill.

Post No. 76 of Racine, Wis., won the third prize of \$250 and a \$100 certificate.

Post No. 80 of St. Paul, Minn., won the fourth prize, consisting of a \$250 certificate.

Post No. 326 of Shelby, Ohio, won the fifth prize of a \$150 certificate.

The drum major prize, a gold-plated drum major baton with rosewood stick, trimmed with gold lace, went to Lawrence Larson of Rockford, Ill.

The first prize for individual drumming, \$50, went to E. O. Robinson, Post No. 14 of St. Petersburg, Fla.

The second prize, a \$50 drum, for individual drumming went to Frederick Shulte, Post No. 76 of Racine, Wis.

Wisconsin, Pennsylvania and New Jersey department teams won the 2nd awards in the order named. The post teams, in the order of their winning were: Ferguson Post 333, Philadelphia; Keenah Post 33, Keenah, Wis.; Argonne Post 6, Elizabeth, N. J.; individual rifle honors were won, in order, by M. W. Bodden, Ferguson Post 333, Philadelphia; H. C. Miller, Post 350, Haddonfield, Wis.; and C. V. Harlow, Post 1, Milwaukee, Wis.

Pistol awards were made to department teams, in order named, as follows: Wisconsin, Post 1; Pennsylvania, Post 333; Wisconsin, Post 2; individuals: J. B. Gay, Post 47, Wisconsin; John Meyer, Post 33, Wisconsin; and Frank Scheller, Post 33, Wisconsin.

Trapshooting prizes, in order named, went to New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin teams. Individuals: Charles H. Horner, Brookhaven, N. J.; J. J. Grasso, Jersey Shore, Pa.; and J. D. Jacques, Woodhouse, N. J. Auxiliary: Davenport, Iowa, and Toledo, Ohio.

Winning Contribution in Flag Creed Contest

The winning contribution in a flag creed contest conducted by the Kansas Department of the American Legion was submitted by Maida Henderson, eighteen-year-old girl of Phillipsburg, Kan. Her creed follows:

"The ideas of a mighty nation are embodied in our flag. It represents our struggle for an achievement of independence and stands out as a flaming emblem of charity, tolerance and justice. Because of the noble nobility, the ideals of freedom, justice and equality, the protection which it affords, I therefore believe it my duty to lay down my life, to respect and protect it always and show to my fellow men the true spirit of brotherhood, kindly tolerance and unshaken justice. The principles which the flag symbolizes, and to us at all times that the honor of the flag may never be sullied but may continue to shine with its glory well maintained."

Civil War Flags Are in Keeping of Legion Post

The flags of the great Civil War regiments have been entrusted by their aged survivors to the keeping of Lafayette Post No. 67, of the American Legion of Philadelphia, S. Y. The Pennsylvania post of the U. S. A. has formally turned the standards over to the World War veterans' organization and provides have been made to preserve the banners in the Legion hall.

The flags are those of the One Hundred Twenty-eighth and One Hundred Fifty-fifth New York regiments. The One Hundred Twenty-eighth saw much hard fighting in Louisiana and along the Mississippi river, while the One Hundred Fifty-fifth participated in the Battle of Gettysburg and marched to the sea with Sherman.

CENSUS REVEALS ASTONISHING FACT

8,549,511 Working Women in United States

MRS. W. M. BAILEY
W. P. O. No. 5, BOX 27, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Many Say Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helps Keep Them Fit to Work

8,549,511 women would be a vast army. According to the 1920 Census of Manufactures, that is the number of women and girls employed in all trades in the United States.

Napoleon said, "An army travels on its stomach." This army of women travels on its general health. Every working girl knows that time lost through illness seldom is paid for and seldom can be made up. Employers demand regularity. If she

INSIST UPON KEMP'S BALSAM for that COUGH!

